

North Carolina Modeling Protocol Checklist

The North Carolina Modeling Protocol Checklist may be used in lieu of developing the traditional written modeling plan for North Carolina toxics and criteria pollutant modeling. The protocol checklist is designed to provide the same level of information as requested in a modeling protocol as discussed in Chapter 2 of the *Guideline for Evaluating the Air Quality Impacts of Toxic Pollutants in North Carolina*. The modeling protocol checklist is submitted with the modeling analysis.

Although most of the information requested in the modeling protocol checklist is self explanatory, additional comments are provided, where applicable, and are discussed in greater detail in the toxics modeling guidelines referenced above. References to sections, tables, figures, appendices, etc., in the protocol checklist are found in the toxics modeling guidelines.

INSTRUCTIONS: The modeling report supporting the compliance demonstration should include most of the information listed below. As appropriate, answer the following questions or indicate by check mark the information provided or action taken is reflected in your report.

FACILITY INFORMATION	
Name: Facility ID: Address:	Consultant (if applicable):
Contact Name:	Contact Name:
Phone Number: Email:	Phone Number: Email:

GENERAL	
Description of New Source or Source / Process Modification: provide a short description of the new or modified source(s) and a brief discussion of how this change affects facility production or process operation.	
Source / Pollutant Identification: provide a table of the affected pollutants, by source, which identifies the source type (point, area, or volume), maximum pollutant emission rates over the applicable averaging period(s), and, for point sources, indicate if the stack is capped or non-vertical (C/N).	
Pollutant Emission Rate Calculations: indicate how the pollutant emission rates were derived (e.g., AP-42, mass balance, etc.) and where applicable, provide the calculations.	
Site / Facility Diagram: provide a diagram or drawing showing the location of all existing and proposed emission sources, buildings or structures, public right-of-ways, and the facility property (toxics) / fence line (criteria pollutants) boundaries. The diagram should also include a scale, true north indicator, and the UTM or latitude/longitude of at least one point.	
Certified Plat or Signed Survey: a certified plat (map) from the County Register of Deeds or a signed survey must be submitted to validate property boundaries modeled.	
Topographic Map: A topographic map covering approximately 5km around the facility must be submitted. The facility boundaries should be annotated on the map as accurately as possible.	
Cavity Impact Analysis: If using SCREEN3, a cavity impact analysis must be conducted for all structures with a region of influence extending to one or more sources modeled to determine if cavity regions extend off property (toxics) or beyond the fence line (criteria pollutants). No separate cavity analysis is required if using AERMOD. <i>See Section 4.2</i>	

GENERAL (continued)	
Background Concentrations (criteria pollutant analyses only): Background concentrations must be determined for each pollutant for each averaging period evaluated. The averaged background value used (e.g., high, high-second-high, high-third-high, etc.) is based on the pollutant and averaging period evaluated. The background concentrations are added to the modeled concentrations, which are then compared to the applicable air quality standard to determine compliance.	
Offsite Source Inventories (criteria pollutant analyses only): Offsite source inventories must be developed and modeled for all pollutants for which onsite sources emissions are modeled in excess of the specific pollutant significant impact levels (SILs) as defined in the PSD New Source Review Workshop Manual. The DAQ AQAB must approve the inventories. An initial working inventory can be requested from the AQAB.	

SCREEN LEVEL MODELING	
Model: The latest version of the SCREEN3 model must be used until AERSCREEN is developed and approved. The use of other screening models should be approved by NCDAQ prior to submitting the modeling report.	
Source / Source emission parameters: Provide a table listing the sources modeled and the applicable source emission parameters. <i>See NC Form 3 – Appendix A.</i>	
Merged Sources: Identify merged sources and show all appropriate calculations. <i>See Section 3.3</i>	
GEP Analysis: SCREEN3 – for each source modeled, show all calculations identifying the critical structure used in the model run. <i>See section 3.2 and NC Form 1 - Appendix A.</i>	
Cavity Impact Analysis: A cavity impact analysis using SCREEN3 must be conducted for all structures with a region of influence extending to one or more sources modeled to determine if cavity regions extend off property (toxics) or beyond the fence line (criteria pollutants). <i>See Section 4.2</i>	
Terrain: Indicate the terrain modeled: simple (<i>Section 4.4</i>), and complex (<i>Section 4.5 and NC Form 4 – Appendix A</i>). If complex terrain is within 5 kilometers of the facility, complex terrain must be evaluated. Simple terrain must include terrain elevations if any terrain is greater than the stack base of any source modeled. Simple: _____ Complex: _____	
Meteorology: In SCREEN3, select full meteorology.	
Receptors: SCREEN3 – use shortest distance to property boundary for each source modeled and use sufficient range to find maximum (<i>See Section 4.1 (i) and (j)</i>). Terrain above stack base must be evaluated.	
Modeling Results: For each affected pollutant, modeling results should be summarized, converted to the applicable averaging period (<i>See Table 3</i>), and presented in tabular format indicating compliance status with the applicable AAL, SIL or NAAQS. <i>See NC Form S5 – Appendix A.</i>	
Modeling Files: Either electronic or hard copies of SCREEN3 output must be submitted.	

REFINED LEVEL MODELING

<p>Model: The latest version of AERMOD should be used, and may be found at http://www.epa.gov/scram001/dispersion_prefrec.htm. The use of other refined models must be approved by NCDAQ prior to submitting the modeling report.</p>	
<p>Source / Source emission parameters: Provide a table listing the sources modeled and the applicable source emission parameters. <i>See NC Form 3 - Appendix A.</i></p>	
<p>GEP Analysis: Use BPIP-Prime with AERMOD.</p>	
<p>Cavity Impact Analysis: No separate cavity analysis is required when using AERMOD as long as receptors are placed in cavity susceptible areas. <i>See Section 4.2 and 5.2.</i></p>	
<p>Terrain: Use digital elevation data from the USGS NED database (http://seamless.usgs.gov/index.php). Use of other sources of terrain elevations or the non-regulatory Flat Terrain option will require prior approval from DAQ AQAB.</p>	
<p>Receptors: The receptor grid should be of sufficient size and resolution to identify the maximum pollutant impact. <i>See Section 5.3.</i></p>	
<p>Meteorology: Indicate the AQAB, pre-processed, 5-year data set used in the modeling demonstration: <i>(See Section 5.5 and Appendix B)</i></p> <p>AERMOD _____</p> <p>If processing your own raw meteorology, then pre-approval from AQAB is required. Additional documentation files (e.g. AERMET stage processing files) will also be necessary.</p> <p>For NC toxics, the modeling demonstration requires only the last year of the standard 5 year data set (e.g., 2005) provided the maximum impacts are less than 50% of the applicable AAL(s).</p>	
<p>Modeling Results: For each affected pollutant and averaging period, modeling results should be summarized and presented in tabular format indicating compliance status with the applicable AAL, SIL or NAAQS. <i>See NC Form R5 - Appendix A.</i></p>	
<p>Modeling Files: Submit input and output files for AERMOD. Also include BPIP-Prime files, AERMAP files, DEM files, and any AERMET input and output files, including raw meteorological data.</p>	